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- 3 Committees and Inspections Department
- 4 Guideline on the responsibilities of the sponsor with
- 5 regard to handling and shipping of investigational
- 6 medicinal products for human use in accordance with
- Good Clinical Practice and Good Manufacturing Practice
- 8 Draft

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	guidelines No C(2017) 8179 on GMP for investigational medicinal
	products for human use, clinical trials, sponsor, Qualified Person, batch
	release, regulatory release, shipping, contractual arrangements



Related content	The clinical trial regulation (EU) No 536/2014	
	http://www.ema.europa.eu/ema/index.jsp?curl=pages/regulation/general/gene	
	ral_content_000629.jsp	
	Detailed Commission guidelines No C(2017) 8179 on GMP for	
	investigational medicinal products for human use	
	https://ec.europa.eu/health/human-	
	use/good manufacturing distribution practices/gmp developements en	

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Introduction

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- 22 This guideline complements the Delegated Regulation (EU) No 2017/1569 of 23 May 2017, on good
- 23 manufacturing practice (GMP) for investigational medicinal products (IMP) and arrangements for
- inspections, that has as legal basis the first subparagraph of Article 63(1) of Regulation (EU) No
- 25 536/2014 on clinical trials on medicinal products for human use, and the detailed Commission
- 26 guidelines No C(2017) 8179 on good manufacturing practice for investigational medicinal products for
- 27 human use, pursuant to the second subparagraph of Article 63(1) of Regulation (EU) No 536/2014.
- 28 The guideline lays down the principles for management of the investigational medicinal products by the
- 29 sponsor for use in a clinical trial and in accordance with Good Clinical Practice (GCP) which are at the
- 30 interface with, and complementary to, Good Manufacturing Practice.

1. Two-step release procedure

- 32 A clinical trial in the EU can only start after a clinical trial authorisation has been granted by the EU
- 33 member states concerned, following fulfilment of the requirements of Chapter II (Authorisation
- procedure for a clinical trial) of Regulation (EU) No 536/2014.
- 35 Investigational medicinal products should remain under the control of the sponsor until after
- 36 completion of the two-step procedure, consisting of the batch certification by the Qualified Person (QP)
- 37 and the regulatory release by the sponsor for use in a clinical trial. Both steps should be recorded and
- 38 retained in the clinical trial master file held by, or on behalf of, the sponsor.
- 39 The certification of each batch by the QP of the manufacturer ensures, in line with Article 62(1) of
- 40 Regulation (EU) No 536/2014, that the provisions of 63(1) and 63(3) of Regulation (EU) No 536/2014
- 41 and those set out in Article 12 of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 2017/1569, have been
- 42 complied with and documented.
- 43 It should be noted that regulatory release of the IMP can be given for some countries at one time
- 44 point, and for others at a later stage.
- 45 The regulatory release by the sponsor will also need to verify that any aspects required for compliance
- 46 with the Regulation are in place before IMPs are shipped to the clinical investigator sites. These checks
- will vary depending on the trial, but may cover for example:
- Contracts with investigators and applicable service providers.
- If the authorisation of the clinical trial is subject to conditions, that these conditions are met.
- Any local/national approvals.
- Where applicable, de-coding arrangements are in place.
- 52 De-coding arrangements should be available to the appropriate responsible investigator site personnel
- 53 before, or at the same time, IMPs are received at the investigator site. The sponsor is responsible for
- 54 ensuring that the investigator has appropriate access to systems for immediate un-blinding prior to the
- start of the trial.
- 56 The sponsor should have standard operating procedures (SOPs) in place that describe the regulatory
- 57 release process within the organisation.
- 58 The regulatory release should be documented and approved prior to the shipment of IMPs to the
- 59 clinical investigator sites or pharmacy where applicable, to ensure that a trial does not start without
- the necessary arrangements and approvals in place.

61 2. Shipping

- 11 should be ensured that the shipping of the IMPs minimises any risk while ensuring that the quality of
- the product is maintained and the applicable elements of guidelines on Good Distribution Practice
- (GDP) of medicinal products for human use are taken into consideration.
- 65 Shipping of IMPs to the clinical investigator site or pharmacy, where applicable, should be conducted
- according to instructions given by, or on behalf of, the sponsor in the shipping order. Records including
- 67 timing to support the supply chain should be maintained. Unless the IMP does not require any special
- 68 storage conditions, temperature control and monitoring of the storage conditions are necessary and
- 69 these records should also be maintained. Deviations from the specified conditions during shipment
- 70 should be formally investigated. Responsibility for the control of the IMPs shipment remains with the
- sponsor (or representative) until it has been received and accepted by the clinical investigator site or
- 72 pharmacy, where applicable.
- A detailed inventory of the shipments made should be maintained. It should particularly mention the
- 74 addressees' identification.

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- 75 Transfers of IMPs from one trial site to another should remain the exception. Such transfers should be
- 76 covered by standard operating procedures. The product history while outside of the control of the
- 77 manufacturer, through for example, trial monitoring reports and records of storage conditions at the
- original trial site, should be reviewed as part of the assessment of the product's suitability for transfer
- and the advice of the certifying QP should be sought. The product should be returned to the
- 80 manufacturer, or another authorised manufacturer, for re-labelling, if necessary, and certification by a
- 81 QP. Records should be retained and full traceability ensured.

3. Contractual arrangements

- 83 Responsibilities of the manufacturer and sponsor should be appropriately defined, agreed and
- 84 controlled in a written contract, mentioned in recital 4 to the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU)
- 85 No 2017/1569 specifying principles and guidelines for good manufacturing practice for investigational
- 86 medicinal products for human use and arrangements for inspections, which clearly establishes the
- duties of each party, taking into account EudraLex, Volume 4, Part I, Chapter 7, as applicable.
- 88 The detailed Commission guidelines No C(2017) 8179 on good manufacturing practice for
- 89 investigational medicinal products for human use further mentions certain issues which could be
- 90 covered by technical agreements. Examples of such responsibilities include:
- Ensure that re-labelling responsibilities are defined.
- Ensure that where applicable comparators are sourced from an authorized vendor and that arrangements for recall are in place.
 - Ensure that the most up to date information is provided to the QP for consideration during the batch certification process in accordance with the documents set out in the clinical trial applications authorised by EU member states¹.
 - Ensure that any proposed revision of manufacturing and control methods are appropriately communicated between the manufacturer and the sponsor as this may require submission of a substantial modification to the clinical trial application.

¹ As described in chapters II, for initial applications, and chapter III, for substantial modifications, of the Regulation (EU) No 536/2014

- Ensure that decoding arrangements and the respective responsibilities of each party are appropriately defined.
- Ensure that any agreed responsibilities are not subcontracted to a third party without prior evaluation and approval from the contract giver.
- Ensure that the responsibilities for recall, return and destruction of IMPs are appropriately defined and documented.
- Ensure that the documentation required in the clinical trial master file (e.g. batch documentation, documentation related to assembly and packaging of IMPs) remains available to the sponsor after the retention periods as defined in Article 8 of the Delegated Regulation on GMP for IMPs expires.
- Define the storage retention of samples.
- Define arrangements for destruction of investigational medicinal products.
- If applicable, clarify the manufacturer responsibility for the regulatory release.
- In case a sponsor is not a manufacturer and relies on chain of contracted manufacturers, specify the exact role of manufacturer (e.g. specific tasks and GMP related responsibilities) in the chain of manufacturers.
- Responsibilities on the handling of deviations during shipment to investigators where applicable.
- The process of transferring IMPs from one investigator site to another when applicable should also be addressed.